Harnessing the Power of Trained Immunity

Corporate Presentation / May 2024

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Gemini[™] Development Pipeline

Gemini is Revelation's proprietary formulation of phosphorylated hexaacyl disaccharide (PHAD®)



Program Name (Indication)	2023	2024	2025
GEM-AKI (For the prevention of AKI ¹)	Preclinical	Pha	Phase 2
GEM-CKD (For the prevention of CKD ²)	Preclinical	Phase 1 ⁴	
GEM-PSI (For the prevention of PSI ^{3,4})	Preclinical		



¹Acute Kidney Injury , ²Chronic Kidney Disease, ³Post Surgical Infection ⁴Formerly known as GEM-SSI (Surgical Site Infection) ⁴Phase 1 single dose escalation study to support development of all Gemini programs ⁵Phase 1b to support GEM-AKI and CKD programs

Gemini Reprograms Toll-Like Receptor 4 Signaling

Introduction

- Gemini is a proprietary formulation of phosphorylated hexaacyl disaccharide (PHAD), a synthetic, detoxified version of lipopolysaccharide (LPS).
- PHAD stimulates TLR4 to precondition immune cells to stress, including early, robust induction of IL-10, IL-1RA and attenuated induction of IL-6, and TNF- α .
- Following injury (e.g. ischemia), preconditioning contributes to rapid mobilization of innate immune cells, a reduced pro-inflammatory response, and a reduction in the generation of reactive oxidative species.
- Preconditioning was shown to provide significant improvement in function, reduced tissue damage, and accelerated resolution of injury in multiple models of kidney injury (I/R and UUO¹).
- Preconditioning has been shown to provide significant protection from gram-negative and gram-positive bacterial infection.





GEM-AKI and GEM-CKD Programs

Gemini For the Prevention of Acute Kidney Injury and Chronic Kidney Disease



GEM-AKI and GEM-CKD Program Highlights

Scientific Rationale

- Significant protection from multiple factors contributing to AKI observed in ischemia reperfusion model
- Significant anti-fibrotic activity observed in preclinical AKI and CKD model (UUO) with PHAD treatment
 Intellectual Property
- Patent applications covering formulations and methods of treating and preventing acute and chronic organ disease filed

Regulatory

• US IND in 2024

Clinical Plan

- Phase 1 clinical study in healthy volunteers underway (Australia). Readouts include safety and biomarker activity data.
- Phase 1b planned to initiate in Q4 2024

Potentially Large Markets

- Conservatively, if we treat 20% of the cardiac surgery AKI market at a price of \$7.5k per patient: 900K x 20% = 180,000 x \$7.5k = \$1.35 billion annual revenue potential
- Conservatively, if we treat 5% of the CKD market at a price of \$2.5k per patient: 37M x 5% = 1.85M x \$2.5k = \$4.6 billion annual revenue potential





Gemini Preserves Kidney Function and Reduces Injury in Ischemia/Reperfusion Model



- Gemini pretreatment (0.35 mg/kg) significantly preserved kidney function with return to base line faster relative to untreated control animals (Figure 1a and 1b). A similar trend was observed for 0.07 mg/kg (data not shown).
- Additional renal function findings (data not shown) included improved creatinine clearance and excretion relative to the untreated group
- Kidney Injury at 72 hours Figure 2a. Acute Cortical Tubular Necrosis² Figure 2b. Medullary Tubular Necrosis² p<0.02 5 5 p<0.01 4.5 4.5 (0-2) Score (0-5) 5.2 5.2 5.2 4 3.5 Score 3 2.5 Histology 9 2.5 Histology 3 2 2 1.5 1.5 1 1 × 0.5 0.5 0 0 ■ Sham □ 0 mg/kg □ 0.35 mg/kg ■ Sham □ 0 mg/kg □ 0.35 mg/kg
- ¹N=16-28, dosed 24 and/or 48 hours prior to surgery. ²N=8-14, dosed 24 hours prior to surgery.

REVELATION

BIOSCIENCES

- Gemini reduced injury to the cortical • and medullary tubules as measured by histopathology (Figure 2a and 2b). A similar trend was observed for 0.07 mg/kg (data not shown).
- Additional findings: Gemini did not significantly lower cortical or medullary tubular degeneration or tubular protein casts included (data not shown) relative to the untreated group.



Gemini Significantly Attenuates Inflammatory Response in an Ischemia/Reperfusion Model of AKI











□ Sham-72hr □ 0 mg/kg-72hr □ 0.35 mg/kg-72hr

Sham \Box 0 mg/kg \Box 0.35 mg/kg

¹N=16-28, dosed 24 and/or 48 hours prior to surgery. ²N=8-14, dosed 24 hours prior to surgery.

5

4.5

1

0.5 0



- Pretreatment with Gemini (0.35 mg/kg) • significantly reduced multiple markers of local inflammation at 24 and/or 72 hours in urine (Figure 3a and 3b, 72-hour data not shown).
- Pretreatment with Gemini (0.35 mg/kg) • significantly reduced a key marker (CRP) of systemic inflammation at 72 hours in serum (Figure 3c).
- Pretreatment with Gemini also significantly reduced markers of cellular inflammation as observed via reduced neutrophilic inflammation (Figure 3d).
- Additional markers of reduced cellular • inflammation observed (data not shared).

Gemini Treatment Reduces Fibrosis in Acute and Chronic Kidney Model* (UUO in Rats)





 Treatment with Gemini resulted in a significant dose-dependent reduction in fibrosis (all results normalized to sham group, n=6)

REVELATION

BIOSCIENCES

- Reduction in fibrosis driven by reduction in proinflammatory cytokines and reduction in protective cytokines:
 - \circ TGF-β is pro-fibrotic and is directly linked to the propagation of fibrosis^{1,2,3,4}
 - IL-10 is a key driver for the reduction and resolution of inflammation
 - NGAL is an important defense for preventing excessive oxidative damage resulting from injury/ongoing inflammation

*Rats (n=11-12 per treatment group) were subjected to the unilateral ureteral obstruction (UUO) surgical procedure. Composite data represents the average of 3 anatomically distinct depths (10 images / depth / rat / group = \sim 60-65% of renal cortical area). Positive control = SB-525334, a TGF- β blocker

¹Mohy doi: <u>10.1016/j.mgene.2014.08.002. ²Tian doi: 10.3892/etm.2019.8355,</u>

³Nawar, Elham A. et al. "Clinical value of transforming growth factor beta as a marker of fibrosis in adolescents with Chronic Liver Diseases." (2011). ⁴De Heer, E., et. al. Nephrol Dial Transplant (2000) 15 [Suppl 6]: 72–73

Gemini Administration Induces Multiple Markers of TLR4 Stimulation Mediated Innate Immune Activity in Healthy Animals



- Gemini administration in healthy animals results in:
 - White blood cell migration (including neutrophils (data shown), monocytes, and lymphocytes) from circulation and subsequent rebound at 24 hours post-dose
 - Upregulation of IL-10 (shown) and IL-1RA, anti-inflammatory cytokines critical to resolution of inflammation
 - Upregulation of IL-6 (shown), a necessary first step in the establishment of trained immunity
 - Absent or minimal detection of IL-1b and TNF-a, key cytokines associated with chronic inflammation
- These are examples of key biomarkers to demonstrate Gemini-mediated TLR4 stimulatory activity and are being evaluated in the Phase 1 clinical study



Based on biomarkers observed following administration of Gemini to healthy animals. Study Design: Dogs received a single dose of vehicle Gemini and blood samples were collected at various time-points up to 24 hours post dose for analysis (n=3–10 per group)

2024 Clinical Plan

Title

• A Phase 1, Randomized, Placebo Controlled, Single Blind, Single-Ascending Dose in Healthy Volunteers

Design

- Single dose, dose escalation
- 5 cohorts, 8 subjects per cohort 1:4 placebo vs drug
- Follow for 7 days

Readouts

- Safety, tolerability, PK, and activity biomarkers
- Key Biomarkers of Activity¹
 - Leukocytes (e.g. neutrophil mobilization/upregulation)
 - IL-10, IL-6, IL-1RA

Status

• Recruiting – Target completion Q3 2024

Title

- A Phase 1b, Randomized, Placebo Controlled, Single Blind, Single-Ascending Dose in Stage 3 and Stage 4 CKD Patients
- PRIME <u>PR</u>otective <u>IM</u>munostimulatory <u>E</u>valuation

Design

- Arm 1 Single dose, dose escalation
- Arm 2 Two doses at highest tolerated dose
- 5 cohorts, 8 subjects per cohort 1:4 placebo vs drug
- Follow for 14 days

Readouts

- Safety, tolerability, PK, and activity biomarkers
- Key biomarkers of activity: TBD (possibly CRP, IL-10, IL-1RA, TGF-β)

Status

• Planning – Target initiation Q4 2024





Gemini for the Prevention of Post-Surgical Infection



Scientific Rationale

 Multiple preclinical studies performed demonstrating consistent reduction or prevention of infection (both gram negative and gram positive)

Intellectual Property

• US 11,389,465 (Licensed from Vanderbilt University). Additional related applications anticipated

Regulatory

• Potential fast track, breakthrough designations possible. Potential for orphan status for certain indications

Clinical Plan

REVELATION

BIOSCIENCES

 Phase 1 clinical study in healthy volunteers underway. Readouts to include safety and biomarker activity data

Potentially Large Markets

- Large Market potential: Approximately 3% of hospital patients suffer at least one hospital associated infection (HAI) (~687,000 HAI annual cases in acute care settings resulting in ~72,000 deaths)¹
- Conservatively, if we treat 10% of the digestive system market at a price of \$5k per patient: 3.8 M x 10% = 380,000 x \$5k = \$1.87 billion annual revenue potential



PHAD Pretreatment Reduces Severity of Infection (Gram Negative and Gram Positive)



Study Design: Mice were pre-treated (24 and 48 hours) with vehicle, MPLA (20ug), or PHADs (20ug) prior to infection with *P. aeruginosa*. All given IP. Cell counts assessed from peritoneal lavage 6 hours post infection.

n = 7 to 10 animals per group. 3D and 3D-6-Acyl PHAD are analogs of PHAD.

S. aureus Clearance В Survival after Intravenous S. aureus Spleen Kidney Lung → Vehicle MPLA CFU/g - PHAD 3D PHAD * 🗕 3D 6-Acyl PHAD 6 8 10 12 14 0 2 4 **Days Post Infection**

Study Design: Mice were pre-treated (24 and 48 hours) with vehicle, MPLA (1 mg/kg), or PHADs (1 mg/kg) prior to infection with *S. aureus*. All given IV. Bacterial counts assessed 3 days post infection.

n = 7 to 10 animals per group.



Hernandez, et. al. Phosphorylated Hexa-Acyl Disaccharides Augment Host Resistance Against Common Nosocomial Pathogens. DOI: 10.1097/CCM.000000000003967

Financial Overview



Cap Table	Shares
Common Stock Outstanding	1,632,935
Class D common stock warrants w/\$4.53 exercise	2,730,000
Class C common stock warrants w/\$4.53 exercise	16,239
Public Warrants w/\$12,075.00 exercise (REVBW)	10,012
Warrants w/\$630.00 weighted avg exercise ¹	11,457
Roll-over RSU's	94
Options granted	1,157
Equity Pool (available for grant)	20,466
Fully Diluted	4,422,360

Management	Shares
Total management	3,613



Includes (i) 7,937 Private Warrants w/exercise of \$630.00, (ii) 155 Roll-over Warrants w/exercise of \$2816.92, (iii) 2,809 Common Stock Warrants w/exercise of \$3,454.50, and 556 Placement Agent Warrants w/exercise of \$787.50.

Thank You!

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